Course o	ode Course Name L-T-P Credits		ar of duction
CS30	THEORY OF COMPUTATION 3-1-0-4	2	016
	Prerequisite: Nil		
 To To ar To Syllabus Introduct and auto decidability Expected The Stude i. C. 	Prerequisite: Nil Dejectives Defectives Defe	anguage omata, g 1sky Hi	s. rammar erarchy,
ii. D re iii. D la iv. D v. U Text Boo 1. Jo T 2. Jo	esign finite state automata, regular grammar, regular expression and lation representations for regular languages. esign push-down automata and context-free grammar representations nguages. esign Turing Machines for accepting recursively enumerable languages. nderstand the notions of decidability and undecidability of problems, Ha	for cont ulting pro on to A n, TMH,	ext-free oblem. utomata 2007
Referenc			
1. D	exter C. Kozen, Automata and Computability, Springer1999.		
Module	Course Plan Contents	Hours	End Sem. Exam Marks
Ι	Introduction to Automata Theory and its significance. Type 3 Formalism: Finite state automata – Properties of transition functions, Designing finite automata, NFA, Finite Automata with Epsilon Transitions, Equivalence of NFA and DFA, Conversion of NFA to DFA, Equivalence and Conversion of NFA with and without Epsilon Transitions.	10	15 %
II	Myhill-Nerode Theorem, Minimal State FA Computation. Finite State Machines with Output- Mealy and Moore machine (Design Only), Two- Way Finite Automata. Regular Grammar, Regular Expressions, Equivalence of regular expressions and NFA with epsilon transitions. Converting Regular Expressions to NFA with epsilon transitions Equivalence of DFA and regular expressions, converting DFA to Regular Expressions.	10	15 %

	FIRST INTERNAL EXAM			
III	 Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages, Applications of Pumping Lemma. Closure Properties of Regular sets (Proofs not required), Decision Problems related with Type 3 Formalism Type 2 Formalism:- Context-Free Languages (CFL), Context-Free Grammar (CFG), Derivation trees, Ambiguity, Simplification of 	09	15 %	
	CFG, Chomsky Normal Form, Greibach normal forms Non-Deterministic Pushdown Automata (NPDA), design.			
IV	Equivalence of acceptance by final state and empty stack in PDA. Equivalence between NPDA and CFG, Deterministic Push Down Automata, Closure properties of CFLs (Proof not required), Decision Problems related with Type 3 Formalism.	08	15 %	
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAM			
Pumping Lemma for CFLs, Applications of Pumping Lemma.				
	Type 1 Formalism: Context-sensitive Grammar. Linear Bounded			
V	Automata (Design not required) Type 0 Formalism: Turing Machine (TM) – Basics and formal definition, TMs as language acceptors, TMs as Transducers, Designing Turing Machines.	09	20 %	
VI	Variants of TMs -Universal Turing Machine, Multi- tape TMs, Non Deterministic TMs, Enumeration Machine (Equivalence not required), Recursively Enumerable Languages, Recursive languages,			
	Properties of Recursively Enumerable Languages and Recursive Languages, Decidability and Halting Problem. Chomsky Hierarchy	08	20 %	
	End Semester Exam	00	20 /0	

- 1. There will be *five* parts in the question paper A, B, C, D, E
- 2. Part A
 - a. Total marks : 12 b. *Four* questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; All*four* questions have to be answered.
- 3. Part B
 - a. Total marks : 18 b. <u>*Three*</u> questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; <u>Two</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts.

4. Part C

- a. Total marks : 12 b. *Four* questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; All*four* questions have to be answered.
- 5. Part D
 - a. Total marks : 18 b. <u>*Three*</u> questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; <u>*Two*</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts
- 6. Part E
 - a. Total Marks: 40
 b. <u>Six</u> questions each carrying 10 marks, uniformly covering modules V and VI; <u>four</u> questions have to be answered. A question can have a maximum of three sub-parts.

There should be at least 60% analytical/numerical questions.

Cou cod		Course Name	L-T-P Credits	Year of Introduction
CS3)3	SYSTEM SOFTWARE	2-1-0-3	2016
	Ι	Prerequisite: Nil		1
Course	Objectives			
	Assemble	students understand the design concepts r, Linker, Loader and Macro pre-proces or and Debugger.	•	
Functio	t types of Systems of Assembler, and Loaders, Ab or and its des	em Software, SIC & SIC/XE Architec Assembler Design, Single pass and 2 Pas solute Loader and Relocating loader, Des ign, Fundamentals of Text Editor De	ss Assemblers ar sign of Linking	nd their Design, Loader, Macro
Expect	ed Outcome			
	dents will be able	e to		
i.	listinguish differe	ent software into different categories		
ii.	lesign, analyze ar	nd implement one pass, two pass or multi	pass assembler.	
iii.	lesign, analyze ar	nd implement loader and linker.		
	•	nd implement macro processors.		
V.	critique the featur	es of modern editing /debugging tools.		
Text bo	ok			
	Leland L. Beck, Pearson Education	System Software: An Introduction to n Asia, 1997.	o Systems Prog	ramming, 3/E,
Refere	ces			
1	D.M. Dhamdhere Edition, Tata Mc	e, Systems Programming and Operatin Graw Hill.	ng Systems, S	econd Revised
2.	http://gcc.gnu.org	/onlinedocs/gcc-2.95.3/cpp_1.html - The	C Preprocessor	
3.	Nithyashri, Syst	em Software, Second Edition, Tata McG	raw Hill.	
		Systems Programming, Tata McGraw Hi		
		Alessandro Rubini, Greg Kroah-Hartmar	n, Linux Device	Drivers, Third
	Edition, O.Reilly			
		hme, M. Dziadzka, et al., Linux Kern	el Internals, S	becond Edition,
	Addison Wesley I	,		D /* ** **
		PC Assembly Language and Programmin	g, Third Edition	n, Prentice Hall
	of India.		W-1 D 11	4
	-	evice drivers - George Pajari – Addison	wesley Publica	tions (Ebook :
	<u>111p://tocs.uib.tu-0</u>	<u>darmstadt.de/197262074.pdf</u>). Course Plan		
Mad				Houng F
Module		Contents		Hours End Sem Exam. Marks

	END SEMESTER EXAM		1
	Debuggers :- Debugging Functions and Capabilities, Relationship with other parts of the system, Debugging Methods- By Induction, Deduction and Backtracking.	4	
VI	<i>Text Editors:</i> Overview of Editing, User Interface, Editor Structure.	2	20 %
	<i>Device drivers:</i> Anatomy of a device driver, Character and block device drivers, General design of device drivers	2	
V	Macro Preprocessor:- Macro Instruction Definition and Expansion. One pass Macro processor Algorithm and data structures, Machine Independent Macro Processor Features, Macro processor design options	7	20 %
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAM		
IV	<i>Linker and Loader</i> Basic Loader functions - Design of absolute loader, Simple bootstrap Loader, Machine dependent loader features- Relocation, Program Linking, Algorithm and data structures of two pass Linking Loader, Machine dependent loader features, Loader Design Options.	7	15 %
III	Assembler design options: Machine Independent assembler features – program blocks, Control sections, Assembler design options- Algorithm for Single Pass assembler, Multi pass assembler, Implementation example of MASM Assembler	7	15 %
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAM		_
Π	Assemblers Basic Functions of Assembler. Assembler output format – Header, Text and End Records- Assembler data structures, Two pass assembler algorithm, Hand assembly of SIC/XE program, Machine dependent assembler features.	6	15 %
Ι	Debugger, Device Driver, Compiler, Interpreter, Operating System(Basic Concepts only) SIC & SIC/XE Architecture, Addressing modes, SIC & SIC/XE Instruction set, Assembler Directives and Programming.	6	15%
	<i>Introduction :</i> System Software Vs. Application Software, Different System Software– Assembler, Linker, Loader, Macro Processor, Text Editor,	2	

- 1. There will be *five* parts in the question paper A, B, C, D, E
- 2. Part A
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u> questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- 3. Part B
 - a. Total marks : 18
 - b. <u>*Three*</u> questionseach having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; \underline{Two} questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts.
- 4. Part C
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. *Four* questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; All*four* questions have to be answered.
- 5. Part D
 - a. Total marks : 18
 - b. <u>*Three*</u> questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; <u>*Two*</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts
- 6. Part E
 - a. Total Marks: 40
 - b. <u>Six</u> questions each carrying 10 marks, uniformly covering modules V and VI; <u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
 - c. A question can have a maximum of three sub-parts.
- 7. There should be at least 60% analytical/numerical questions.

Course	Course Name	L-T-P -	Y	ear of		
code	Course realite	Credits	Intro	oduction		
CS305	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	2-1-0-3	2	2016		
Prerequis	ite: CS202 Computer Organisation and Architecture					
805 • To	bjectives impart basic understanding of the internal organisation of 80 51 microcontroller. introduce the concepts of interfacing microprocessors with extendevelop Assembly language programming skills.		-	ssor and		
Diagram, 2 8279, 8257 features, Ir	on to 8086 Microprocessor; Architecture and signals, Instructi Assembly Language Programming, Memory and I/O interfacing 7, Interrupts and Interrupt handling, Microcontrollers - 8051 An Instruction Set and Simple Programming Concepts.	g, Interfac	ing w	ith 8255,		
i. Des ii. Des var iii. Inte iv. An	Outcome hts will be able to scribe different modes of operations of a typical microprocessor sign and develop 8086 assembly language programs using ious assembler directives. erface microprocessors with various external devices. alyze and compare the features of microprocessors and microcon sign and develop assembly language programs using 8051 micro	software	interr			
Hi 2. Ra Pe 3. Do Ed Reference 1. Ban <i>Int</i> 2. A.	uurchandi and Ray, Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals II, 2012 j Kamal, Microcontrollers: Architecture, Programming, Interfa arson Education, 2011. ouglas V. Hall, SSSP Rao, Microprocessors and Interfacing, Th lucation, 2012.	cing and ird Editio Programm	System n, Mc n, Mc	n Design, GrawHill		
	Course Plan					
Module	Iodule Contents Hours En Exa Mar					
I	Evolution of microprocessors, 8086 Microprocessor - Architec and signals, Memory organisation, Minimum and maximum r of operation, Minimum mode Timing Diagram. Compariso 8086 and 8088.	node	07	15%		
II	8086 Addressing Modes, 8086 Instruction set and Assen Directives - Assembly Language Programming with Subrout Macros, Passing Parameters, Use of stack.		08	15%		

	FIRST INTERNAL EXAM		
Ш	Interrupts - Types of Interrupts and Interrupt Service Routine. Handling Interrupts in 8086, Interrupt programming. Basic Peripherals and their Interfacing with 8086 - Programmable Interrupt Controller - 8259 - Architecture.	07	15%
IV	Interfacing Memory, I/O, 8255 - Detailed study - Architecture, Control word format and modes of operation, Architecture and modes of operation of 8279 and 8257 (Just mention the control word, no need to memorize the control word format)	07	15%
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAM		
V	 Microcontrollers - Types of Microcontrollers - Criteria for selecting a microcontroller - Example Applications. Characteristics and Resources of a microcontroller. Organization and design of these resources in a typical microcontroller - 8051. 8051 Architecture, Register Organization, Memory and I/O addressing, Interrupts and Stack. 	08	20%
VI	8051 Addressing Modes, Different types of instructions and Instruction Set, Simple programs. Peripheral Chips for timing control - 8254/8253.	08	20%
VI		08	-

- 1. There will be *five* parts in the question paper A, B, C, D, E
- 2. Part A
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u> questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- 3. Part B
 - a. Total marks: 18
 - b. <u>Three</u>questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; T<u>wo</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts.
- 4. Part C
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u> questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV;All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- 5. Part D
 - a. Total marks : 18

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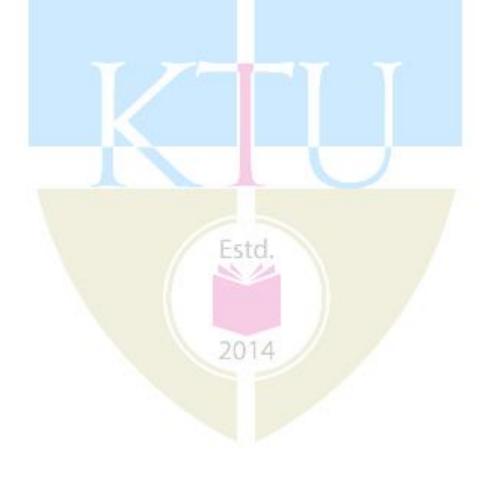
- b. <u>*Three*</u>questionseach having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; <u>*Two*</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts
- 6. Part E
 - a. Total Marks: 40
 - b. <u>Six</u> questions each carrying 10 marks, uniformly covering modules V and VI; <u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
 - c. A question can have a maximum of three sub-parts.
- 7. There should be at least 60% analytical/numerical questions.

Cours code	Course Name	L-T-P- Credits		ear of oduction
CS30	7 DATA COMMUNICATION	3-0-0-3	2	016
	Prerequisite: Nil	i		
Course	 Objectives To introduce fundamental communication models. To discuss various time domain and frequency communication. To introduce the concepts of encoding, multiplexing and another set of the se	L A T	-	of data
propag	ransmission, Transmission Impairments, Channel Capacity, ttion, Signal encoding Techniques, Multiplexing, Digital ng theorem, Error detection and correction, Spread spectrum, B	data transmissi	on tecl	nniques,
	ed Outcome dents will be able to Identify and list the various issues present in the design of a da Apply the time domain and frequency domain concepts of sign Compare and select transmission media based on transmis capacity. Select and use appropriate signal encoding techniques and mul scenario. Design suitable error detection and error correction algorith communication and explain different switching techniques.	als in data comr ssion impairmer ltiplexing techni	nunications and ques fo	ion. channel r a given
2. 3.	Doks Curt M. White, Fundamentals of Networking and Communicat [Chapter 3,4,9,10] Forouzan B. A., Data Communications and Networking, 2 [Chapters:3,4, 5, 6,7,8] Schiller J., Mobile Communications, 2/e, Pearson Education, 2 William Stallings, Data and Computer Communication 9/e, Pea [Chapters: 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9].	5/e, Tata McGi 009. [Chapters:	raw Hi 2,3]	-
Refere 1. 2.	Ices Forouzan B. A., Data Communications and Networking, 4/e, T Tanenbaum A. S. and D. Wetherall, Computer Networks, Pears			
	COURSE PLAN			
Modu	e Contents]	Hours	End Sem. Exam Marks

I	Data Transmission: Communication model Simplex, half duplex and full duplex transmission - Periodic Analog signals: Sine wave, phase, wavelength, time and frequency domain, bandwidth - Digital Signals; Digital data Transmission:- Analog & Digital data, Analog & Digital signals, Analog &Digital transmission – Transmission Impairments: Attenuation, Delay distortion, Noise - Channel capacity: Nyquist Bandwidth, Shannon's Capacity formula.	08	15%
II	Transmission media - Guided Transmission Media: Twisted pair, Coaxial cable, optical fiber, Wireless Transmission, Terrestrial microwave, Satellite microwave. Wireless Propagation: Ground wave propagation, Sky Wave propagation, LoS Propagation.	07	15%
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAM		
ш	Signal Encoding techniques - Digital Data Digital Signals: NRZ, Multilevel binary, Biphase - Digital Data Analog Signals : ASK, FSK, PSK - Analog Data Digital Signals: Sampling theorem, PCM, Delta Modulation - Analog Data Analog Signals: AM, FM, PM.	07	15%
IV	Multiplexing- Space Division Multiplexing-Frequency Division Multiplexing: Wave length Division Multiplexing - Time Division multiplexing: Characteristics, Digital Carrier system, SONET/SDH- Statistical time division multiplexing: Cable Modem - Code Division Multiplexing. Multiple Access- CDMA.	07	15%
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAM		
V	Digital Data Communication Techniques - Asynchronous transmission, Synchronous transmission-Detecting and Correcting Errors-Types of Errors-Error Detection: Parity check, Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) - Error Control Error Correction: Forward Error Correction and Hamming Distance.	06	20%
VI	Spread Spectrum Techniques-Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS), Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS). Basic principles of switching - Circuit Switched Networks, Structure of Circuit Switch - Packet Switching: Datagram Networks, Virtual Circuit Networks, Structure of packet switches.	07	20%
	END SEMESTER EXAM		•

- 1. There will be *five* parts in the question paper A, B, C, D, E
- 2. Part A
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u> questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II;All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- 3. Part B

- a. Total marks : 18
- <u>*Three*</u>questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; <u>Two</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts.
- 4. Part C
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u> questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV;All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- 5. Part D
 - a. Total marks : 18
 - b. <u>*Three*</u>questionseach having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV;<u>*Two*</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts
- 6. Part E
 - a. Total Marks: 40
 - b. <u>Six</u> questions each carrying 10 marks, uniformly covering modules V and VI; four questions have to be answered.
 - c. A question can have a maximum of three sub-parts.
- 7. There should be at least 60% analytical/numerical questions.



code	Course Name	Γ-P edits	Yea Introd	r of uction
CS309	GRAPH THEORY AND COMBINATORICS 2-0	-2-3	20	16
	Prerequisite: Nil			
Course O				
	• To introduce the fundamental concepts in graph theory, inc characterization of graphs/ trees and Graphs theoretic algorithms and the second		g proper	ties and
connectivit Graphs the	ry concepts of graphs, Euler and Hamiltonian graphs, Planar C ty and edge connectivity, Cut set and Cut vertices, Matrix repre- poretic algorithms.			
Expected				
	nts will be able to	1 (1		1 1.
	monstrate the knowledge of fundamental concepts in grap perties and characterization of graphs and trees.	oh the	eory, in	icluding
1	e graphs for solving real life problems.			
	stinguish between planar and non-planar graphs and solve probler	ns		
	velop efficient algorithms for graph related problems in c		nt dom	ains of
	gineering and science.			
Text Book				
2. Na	ouglas B. West, Introduction to Graph Theory, Prentice Hall India trasingh Deo, Graph theory, PHI, 1979.	Í		
	bin J. Wilson, Introduction to Graph Theory, Longman Group Lt	d., 20	10	
Reference 1. R. J	s Diestel, <i>Graph Theory</i> , free online edition, 2016: diestel-graph-th	ooruo	om/basi	a html
1. K.	Course Plan	cory.c	UIII/ Uasi	C.mum.
	Course Fian			
				End
				End Sem.
Module	Contents		Hours	
Module	Contents	7	Hours	Sem.
Module	Introductory concepts - What is graph – Application of graph	hs –	Hours	Sem. Exam
	Introductory concepts - What is graph – Application of grap finite and infinite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated vert	hs – rtex,		Sem. Exam Marks
Module	Introductory concepts - What is graph – Application of graph finite and infinite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated ver pendent vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits – Isomorph	hs – rtex, ism,	Hours 09	Sem. Exam
	Introductory concepts - What is graph – Application of grap finite and infinite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated ver pendent vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits – Isomorph sub graphs, walks, paths and circuits, Connected graphs, discon	hs – rtex, ism,		Sem. Exam Marks
	Introductory concepts - What is graph – Application of grap finite and infinite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated ver pendent vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits – Isomorph sub graphs, walks, paths and circuits, Connected graphs, discon graphs.	hs – rtex, ism, nect		Sem. Exam Marks
	Introductory concepts - What is graph – Application of grap finite and infinite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated ver pendent vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits – Isomorph sub graphs, walks, paths and circuits, Connected graphs, discon graphs. Euler graphs, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Dirac's theorem	hs – rtex, ism, nect		Sem. Exam Marks
I	Introductory concepts - What is graph – Application of grap finite and infinite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated ver pendent vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits – Isomorph sub graphs, walks, paths and circuits, Connected graphs, discon graphs. Euler graphs, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Dirac's theorem Hamiltonicity, Travelling salesman problem. Directed graph	hs – rtex, ism, nect		Sem. Exam Marks
	Introductory concepts - What is graph – Application of grap finite and infinite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated ver pendent vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits – Isomorph sub graphs, walks, paths and circuits, Connected graphs, discon graphs. Euler graphs, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Dirac's theorem	hs – rtex, ism, nect	09	Sem. Exam Marks 15 %
I	Introductory concepts - What is graph – Application of grap finite and infinite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated ver pendent vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits – Isomorph sub graphs, walks, paths and circuits, Connected graphs, discon graphs. Euler graphs, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Dirac's theorem Hamiltonicity, Travelling salesman problem. Directed graph	hs – rtex, ism, nect		Sem. Exam Marks
I	Introductory concepts - What is graph – Application of grap finite and infinite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated ver pendent vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits – Isomorph sub graphs, walks, paths and circuits, Connected graphs, discon graphs. Euler graphs, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Dirac's theorem Hamiltonicity, Travelling salesman problem. Directed graph types of digraphs, Digraphs and binary relation FIRST INTERNAL EXAM	hs – rtex, ism, nect 1 for 15 –	09	Sem. Exam Marks 15 %
I	Introductory concepts - What is graph – Application of grap finite and infinite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated ver pendent vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits – Isomorph sub graphs, walks, paths and circuits, Connected graphs, discon graphs. Euler graphs, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Dirac's theorem Hamiltonicity, Travelling salesman problem. Directed graph types of digraphs, Digraphs and binary relation	hs – rtex, ism, nect 1 for 15 –	09	Sem. Exam Marks 15 %
I	Introductory concepts - What is graph – Application of grap finite and infinite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated ver pendent vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits – Isomorph sub graphs, walks, paths and circuits, Connected graphs, discon graphs. Euler graphs, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Dirac's theorem Hamiltonicity, Travelling salesman problem. Directed graph types of digraphs, Digraphs and binary relation FIRST INTERNAL EXAM Trees – properties, pendent vertex, Distance and centres - Ro	hs – rtex, ism, nect i for ns –	09	Sem. Exam Marks 15 %
I	Introductory concepts - What is graph – Application of grap finite and infinite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated ver pendent vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits – Isomorph sub graphs, walks, paths and circuits, Connected graphs, discon graphs. Euler graphs, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Dirac's theorem Hamiltonicity, Travelling salesman problem. Directed graph types of digraphs, Digraphs and binary relation FIRST INTERNAL EXAM Trees – properties, pendent vertex, Distance and centres - Ro and binary tree, counting trees, spanning trees. Vertex Connectivity, Edge Connectivity, Cut set and Cut Vertificundamental circuits, Planar graphs, Different representation	hs – rtex, ism, nect i for ns – oted ices, n of	09	Sem. Exam Marks 15 %
I	Introductory concepts - What is graph – Application of grap finite and infinite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated ver pendent vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits – Isomorph sub graphs, walks, paths and circuits, Connected graphs, discon graphs. Euler graphs, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Dirac's theorem Hamiltonicity, Travelling salesman problem. Directed graph types of digraphs, Digraphs and binary relation FIRST INTERNAL EXAM Trees – properties, pendent vertex, Distance and centres - Ro and binary tree, counting trees, spanning trees. Vertex Connectivity, Edge Connectivity, Cut set and Cut Verter	hs – rtex, ism, nect i for ns – oted ices, n of	09	Sem. Exam Marks 15 %

V	Matrix representation of graphs- Adjacency matrix, Incidence Matrix, Circuit matrix, Fundamental Circuit matrix and Rank, Cut		
V	set matrix, Path matrix	08	20 %
	Graphs theoretic algorithms - Algorithm for computer		
VI	representation of a graph, algorithm for connectedness and	07	20 %
V I	components, spanning tree, shortest path.		
	END SEMESTER EXAM		

- 1. There will be *five* parts in the question paper A, B, C, D, E
- 2. Part A
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u> questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- 3. Part B
 - a. Total marks : 18
 - b. <u>*Three*</u>questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; \underline{Two} questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts.
- 4. Part C
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u> questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- 5. Part D
 - a. Total marks : 18
 - b. <u>*Three*</u>questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; <u>*Two*</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts.
- 6. Part E
 - a. Total Marks: 40
 - b. <u>Six</u> questions each carrying 10 marks, uniformly covering modules V and VI; <u>four</u> questions have to be answered.

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- c. A question can have a maximum of three sub-parts.
- 7. There should be at least 60% analytical/numerical questions.

Course code	Course Name	L-T-P Credits		ear of duction
CS361	SOFT COMPUTING	3-0-0-3	2	2016
	Prerequisite: Nil			
Course (bjectives To introduce the concepts in Soft Computing such as A 			,
Genetic A	Fuzzy logic-based systems, genetic algorithm-based systems to Soft Computing, Artificial Neural Networks, Fuzzy Algorithms, hybrid systems.	AAA		
The Stud 1. La 2. A 3. D 4. U 5. Id	ents will be able to earn soft computing techniques and their applications. nalyze various neural network architectures. efine the fuzzy systems. nderstand the genetic algorithm concepts and their application entify and select a suitable Soft Computing technology to so		oblem; c	construct
a Text Boo	solution and implement a Soft Computing solution.			
1. S. 20	N. Sivanandam and S. N.Deepa, Principles of soft comput 007. imothy J. Ross, Fuzzy Logic with engineering applications, J	-	-	
Referenc				5, 2010.
A 2. Si In 3. R M 4. D N 5. B 19 6. G	. K. Sinha and M. M. Gupta, Soft Computing & Intellipplications-Academic Press /Elsevier. 2009. mon Haykin, Neural Network- A Comprehensive Forternational, Inc. 1998 . Eberhart and Y. Shi, Computational Intelligence: Conforgan Kaufman/Elsevier, 2007. riankov D., Hellendoorn H. and Reinfrank M., An Introdator arosa Pub., 2001. art Kosko, Neural Network and Fuzzy Systems- Prentice Hamory Digensity Difference and Fuzzy Systems- Prentice Hamory Difference and Soft Difference and So	oundation- cepts to luction to .ll, Inc., Er	Prenti Implem Fuzzy nglewoo	ce Hall entation, Control- d Cliffs,
	Course Plan			
Module	Contents		Hours	End Sem. Exam Marks
Ι	Introduction to Soft Computing Artificial neural networks - biological neurons, Basic mo artificial neural networks – Connections, Learning, Ac Functions, McCulloch and Pitts Neuron, Hebb network.	tivation	07	15%
II	Perceptron networks – Learning rule – Training and algorithm, Adaptive Linear Neuron, Back propagation Net Architecture, Training algorithm	•	07	15%
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAM			

III	Fuzzy logic - fuzzy sets - properties - operations on fuzzy sets, fuzzy relations - operations on fuzzy relations	07	15%
IV	Fuzzy membership functions, fuzzification, Methods of membership value assignments – intuition – inference – rank ordering, Lambda – cuts for fuzzy sets, Defuzzification methods	07	15%
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAM		
V	Truth values and Tables in Fuzzy Logic, Fuzzy propositions, Formation of fuzzy rules - Decomposition of rules – Aggregation of rules, Fuzzy Inference Systems - Mamdani and Sugeno types, Neuro-fuzzy hybrid systems – characteristics - classification	07	20%
VI	Introduction to genetic algorithm, operators in genetic algorithm - coding - selection - cross over – mutation, Stopping condition for genetic algorithm flow, Genetic-neuro hybrid systems, Genetic- Fuzzy rule based system	07	20%
	END SEMESTER EXAMINATION		

- 1. There will be *five* parts in the question paper A, B, C, D, E
- 2. Part A
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u>questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- 3. Part B
 - a. Total marks : 18
 - b. <u>*Three*</u> questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; T<u>wo</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three sub-parts
- 4. Part C
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u> questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV;All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.

Estd.

- 5. Part D
 - a. Total marks : 18
 - b. <u>*Three*</u>questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; <u>*Two*</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts
- 6. Part E
 - a. Total Marks: 40
- 2014
- b. <u>Six</u> questions each carrying 10 marks, uniformly covering modules V and VI; <u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- c. A question can have a maximum of three sub-parts.
- 7. There should be at least 60% analytical/numerical/design questions.

Course code	Course Name	L-T-P Credits		ear of oduction
CS363	Signals and Systems	3-0-0-3	2	2016
Pre-requ	isite: NIL			
	Dbjectives			
• T	o introduce fundamental concepts of continuous time and discrete	ete time sig	gnals.	
• T	o introduce fundamental concepts of continuous time and discre	ete time sy	stems.	
• T	o introduce frequency domain representation and analysis of sig	gnals.		
Syllabus	AL ADDUL NALA	71AT		
	nd systems -basic operations on signals - continuous time an			
	us time and discrete time systems -properties of systems -			
	nce - properties of Z-transform - inverse Z-transform. Fo			
	me signals – properties of FT – relation between Z-transform			
	(DFT) - Properties of DFT – inverse DFT - Fast Fourier tra			
FFI algo FIR.	rithms – butterfly structure. Digital filter structures –structure	s for fir -	Struc	tures 101
	Outcome			
	ents will be able to			
	lentify different types of continuous time and discrete time sign	nals		
	lentify different types of continuous time and discrete time sign			
	nalyse signals using Z Transform and FT.	•••••		
	nalyse signals using DFT and FFT.			
	ppreciate IIR digital filter structures.			
vi. A	ppreciate FIR digital filter structures.			
Text Boo				
	.N. Bandyopadhyaya, Introduction to Signals and Systems and	l Digital S	ignal	
	ocessing, PHI, 2005.			
	D. Apte, Digital Signal Processing, Wiley India, 2012.			
Reference				
_	Ambardar, Digital Signal Processing: A Modern Introduction,	, Thomson	India	Edition,
		· (D	<i>.</i> . т	T 11
	V. Oppenheim and R. W. Schafer, Discrete Time Signal Proce	ssing (Prei	ntice F	1811
	gnal Processing Series), 3e, Pearson, 2009. . Ganesh Rao and V. P. Gejji, Digital Signal Processing Theory	and Lab I	Draatia	
3 D				0
	earson Education Ltd		lactic	e,
Ρ	earson Education Ltd. K Proakis and D.G. Manolakis Introduction to Digital Signal 1			
P 4. J.	earson Education Ltd. K. Proakis and D.G. Manolakis, Introduction to Digital Signal 1 989			
P 4. J. 19	K. Proakis and D.G. Manolakis, Introduction to Digital Signal I	Processing	, Macl	Millan,
P 4. J. 19 5. L	K. Proakis and D.G. Manolakis, Introduction to Digital Signal 1 089	Processing ns, Elsevie	, Macl er, 201	Millan, 3.
P 4. J. 5. L 6. M 7. P	K. Proakis and D.G. Manolakis, Introduction to Digital Signal 1 089 Tan, Digital Signal Processing, Fundamentals and Application H. Hayes, Digital Signal Processing, McGraw Hill (SCHAU) Ramesh Babu, Digital Signal Processing, Scitech Publications	Processing ns, Elsevie M'S Outlin , 2012.	, Macl er, 201	Millan, 3.
P 4. J. 19 5. L 6. M 7. P 8. S	K. Proakis and D.G. Manolakis, Introduction to Digital Signal 1 989 Tan, Digital Signal Processing, Fundamentals and Application H. Hayes, Digital Signal Processing, McGraw Hill (SCHAU Ramesh Babu, Digital Signal Processing, Scitech Publications K. Mitra, Digital Signal Processing, McGraw Hill Education, 2	Processing ns, Elsevie M'S Outlin , 2012. 2013.	, Macl er, 201 nes), 2	Millan, 3. 011.
P. 4. J. 19 5. L 6. M 7. P 8. S 9. S	K. Proakis and D.G. Manolakis, Introduction to Digital Signal 1 989 Tan, Digital Signal Processing, Fundamentals and Application H. Hayes, Digital Signal Processing, McGraw Hill (SCHAU) Ramesh Babu, Digital Signal Processing, Scitech Publications K. Mitra, Digital Signal Processing, McGraw Hill Education, 2 W. Smith, Digital Signal Processing : A Practical Guide for En	Processing ns, Elsevie M'S Outlin , 2012. 2013.	, Macl er, 201 nes), 2	Millan, 3. 011.
P. 4. J. 19 5. L 6. M 7. P 8. S 9. S	K. Proakis and D.G. Manolakis, Introduction to Digital Signal 1 989 Tan, Digital Signal Processing, Fundamentals and Application H. Hayes, Digital Signal Processing, McGraw Hill (SCHAU) Ramesh Babu, Digital Signal Processing, Scitech Publications K. Mitra, Digital Signal Processing, McGraw Hill Education, 2 W. Smith, Digital Signal Processing : A Practical Guide for En sevier India.	Processing ns, Elsevie M'S Outlin , 2012. 2013.	, Macl er, 201 nes), 2	Millan, 3. 011.
P. 4. J. 19 5. L 6. M 7. P 8. S 9. S	K. Proakis and D.G. Manolakis, Introduction to Digital Signal 1 989 Tan, Digital Signal Processing, Fundamentals and Application H. Hayes, Digital Signal Processing, McGraw Hill (SCHAU Ramesh Babu, Digital Signal Processing, Scitech Publications K. Mitra, Digital Signal Processing, McGraw Hill Education, 2 W. Smith, Digital Signal Processing : A Practical Guide for En	Processing ns, Elsevie M'S Outlin , 2012. 2013.	, Macl er, 201 nes), 2	Millan, 3. 011. ntists,
P. 4. J. 19 5. L 6. M 7. P 8. S 9. S	K. Proakis and D.G. Manolakis, Introduction to Digital Signal 1 989 Tan, Digital Signal Processing, Fundamentals and Application H. Hayes, Digital Signal Processing, McGraw Hill (SCHAU) Ramesh Babu, Digital Signal Processing, Scitech Publications K. Mitra, Digital Signal Processing, McGraw Hill Education, 2 W. Smith, Digital Signal Processing : A Practical Guide for En sevier India.	Processing ns, Elsevie M'S Outlin , 2012. 2013.	, Macl er, 201 nes), 2	Millan, 3. 011. ntists, End
P. 4. J. 19 5. L 6. M 7. P 8. S 9. S	K. Proakis and D.G. Manolakis, Introduction to Digital Signal 1 989 Tan, Digital Signal Processing, Fundamentals and Application H. Hayes, Digital Signal Processing, McGraw Hill (SCHAU) Ramesh Babu, Digital Signal Processing, Scitech Publications K. Mitra, Digital Signal Processing, McGraw Hill Education, 2 W. Smith, Digital Signal Processing : A Practical Guide for En sevier India.	Processing ns, Elsevie M'S Outlin , 2012. 2013. gineers an	, Macl er, 201 nes), 2	Millan, 3. 011. ntists,

Ι	Signals and systems – introduction – basic operations on signals – continuous time and discrete time signals –step, impulse, ramp, exponential and sinusoidal functions.	07	15 %
II	Continuous time and discrete time systems –properties of systems – linearity, causality, time invariance, memory, stability, invertibility. Linear time invariant systems – convolution.	07	15 %
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAM		- I
Ш	Z-transform – region of convergence – properties of Z-transform – inverse Z-transform. Fourier transform (FT) of discrete time signals – properties of FT – relation between Z-transform and FT.	07	15 %
IV	Discrete Fourier transform (DFT) - Properties of DFT – inverse DFT - Fast Fourier transform (FFT) - Radix-2 FFT algorithms – butterfly structure.	07	15 %
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAM		
V	Digital filter structures – block diagram and signal flow graph representation – structures for IIR – direct form structure – Cascade form structure – parallel form structure – lattice structure.	07	20 %
VI	Structures for FIR – direct form structures – direct form structure of linear phase system – cascade form structure – frequency sampling structure – lattice structure.	07	20 %
	END SEM <mark>E</mark> STER EXAM		

1. There will be *five* parts in the question paper – A, B, C, D, E

- 2. Part A
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u> questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II;All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.

3. Part B

- a. Total marks: 18
- <u>*Three*</u>questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; T<u>wo</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts

4. Part C

- a. Total marks : 12
- b. <u>Four</u>questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.

5. Part D

- a. Total marks : 18
- <u>*Three*</u>questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV;<u>*Two*</u>questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts
- 6. Part E
 - a. Total Marks: 40
 - b. <u>Six</u> questions each carrying 10 marks, uniformly covering modules V and VI; <u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
 - c. A question can have a maximum of three sub-parts.

There should be at least 60% analytical/numerical questions

Course	Course Name	L-T-P-		ar of
code CS365	ΟΡΤΙΜΙΖΑΤΙΟΝ ΤΕΩΗΝΙΟΠΕς	Credits 3-0-0-3		luction)16
C3305	OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES Prerequisite: Nil	3-0-0-3	20)10
Course (Dijectives			
	b build an understanding on the basics of optimization technique	es.		
	o introduce basics of linear programming and meta- heuristic se		iques.	
Transport Algorithm Expected The Stude	Operations Research - Formulation of optimization problem ation Problem - Assignment Problem - Network flow Problem n - Simulated Annealing – Applications. Outcome ents will be able to ormulate mathematical models for optimization problems.			
	nalyze the complexity of solutions to an optimization problem.			
	esign programs using meta-heuristic search concepts to solve op	otimization	n problen	ns.
iv. D	evelop hybrid models to solve an optimization problem.			
Text Boo				
ар 2. Н	. Zapfel, R. Barune and M. Bogl, Meta heuristic search concept oplications to production and logistics, Springer, 2010. amdy A. Taha, Operations Research – An introduction, Pearson ao S.S., Optimization Theory and Applications, Wiley Eastern,	Education		
2. G W 3. K In	ass S. I., Introduction to Linear Programming, Tata McGraw Hi oldberg, Genetic algorithms in Search, optimization and Machin Vesley, 1989. . Deb, Optimization for engineering design – algorithms and ex dia, 2004. eeves C., Modern heuristic techniques for combinatorial problem	ne Learning amples, Pr	entice H	all of
	993.	ins, Orient	Longina	11,
	COURSE PLAN	1		
Module	Estd. Contents	/	Hours	End Sem. Exam Marks
I	Decision-making procedure under certainty and under unce Operations Research-Probability and decision- making- Qu Waiting line theory-Simulation and Monte- Carlo Technique and organization of optimization problems- Scope and hier optimization- Typical applications of optimization.	euing or - Nature	08	15%
II	Essential features of optimization problems - Objective for Continuous functions - Discrete functions - Unimodal fur Convex and concave functions, Investment costs and operation in objective function - Optimizing profitably constraints-Inter- external constraints-Formulation of optimization pro- Continuous functions - Discrete functions - Unimodal fur Convex and concave functions.	nctions - ing costs ernal and roblems.	07	15%

	FIRST INTERNAL EXAM		_
Ш	Necessary and sufficient conditions for optimum of unconstrained functions-Numerical methods for unconstrained functions - One- dimensional search - Gradient-free search with fixed step size. Linear Programming - Basic concepts of linear programming - Graphical interpretation-Simplex method - Apparent difficulties in the Simplex method.	06	15%
IV	Transportation Problem, Loops in transportation table, Methods of finding initial basic feasible solution, Tests for optimality. Assignment Problem, Mathematical form of assignment problem, methods of solution.	06	15%
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAM		
V	Network analysis by linear programming and shortest route, maximal flow problem. Introduction to Non-traditional optimization, Computational Complexity – NP-Hard, NP-Complete. Tabu Search- Basic Tabu search, Neighborhood, Candidate list, Short term and Long term memory	07	20%
VI	Genetic Algorithms- Basic concepts, Encoding, Selection, Crossover, Mutation. Simulated Annealing - Acceptance probability, Cooling, Neighborhoods, Cost function. Application of GA and Simulated Annealing in solving sequencing and scheduling problems and Travelling salesman problem.	08	20%

END SEMESTER EXAM

Question Paper Pattern

- 1. There will be *five* parts in the question paper A, B, C, D, E
- 2. Part A
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u> questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- 3. Part B
 - a. Total marks: 18
 - b. <u>Three</u>questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; <u>Two</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts.
- 4. Part C
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u> questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- 5. Part D
 - a. Total marks : 18
 - <u>Three</u>questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; <u>Two</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts

6. Part E

- a. Total Marks: 40
- b. <u>Six</u> questions each carrying 10 marks, uniformly covering modules V and VI; <u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- c. A question can have a maximum of three sub-parts.
- 7. There should be at least 60% analytical/numerical questions. Estd. 2014

Course code	Course Name	L-T-P - Credits	Year of Introduction
CS367	Logic for Computer Science 3	3-0-0-3	2016
Pre-requ	isites : CS205 Data Structures		
Course (Dbjectives		
•	To introduce the concepts of mathematical logic and its importa-		
•	To discuss propositional, predicate, temporal and modal logic	and their	applications.
Syllabus		NA .	1
-	onal Logic, Resolution, binary decision diagrams, Predicate log	gic, resolu	ation, temporal
U /	luction, program verification, modal logic.		
-	ents will be able to		
	ain the concept of logic and its importance.		
	nderstand fundamental concepts in propositional, predicate and t	emporal	logic and apply
	solution techniques.		
	pply the concept of program verification in real-world scenarios.		
	now the fundamental concepts in modal logic.		
Text Boo		- 2004	
	rindhama Singh, Logics for Computer Science, Prentice Hall Indi Iodechai Ben-Ari, Mathematical Logic for Computer Science, Sp	· ·	a 2012
Reference		linger, 3/	e, 2012.
	e lichael Huth, Mark Ryan, Logic in Computer Science: Modelir	ng and R	easoning about
	ystems, Cambridge University Press, 2005.	ig und re	cusoning uoou
•	Course Plan		
			End
			Sem
Module	Contents	H	ours Exam
			Marks
	Introductory Concepts: Mathematical Logic, Propositional Lo	-	
	First Order Logic, Modal and Temporal logic, Prog	ram	
т	Verification. (Reading: Ben-Ari, Chapter 1)		0. 150/
Ι	Propositional Logic: Formulae and interpretations, Equivale Satisfiability& Validity, Semantic Tableaux, Soundness	-	06 15%
	Completeness. (Reading: Ben-Ari, Chapter 2 except		
	Additional Reading : Singh, Chapter 1)	,	
	The Hilbert Deductive System, Derived Rules, Theorems	and	
	operators, Soundness and Completeness, Consistency. (Read	ing:	
	Ben-Ari, Chapter 3 except 3.7 and 3.8, Additional Reading	0	
II	Singh, Chapter 1)		06 15%
	Resolution in Propositional Logic: Conjunctive Normal fo		
	Clausal form, resolution rule. (Reading: Ben-Ari, Chapter	4.1,	
	4,2, 4.3, Additional Reading : Singh, Chapter 1) FIRST INTERNAL EXAM		
	FINDI INTENNAL CANVI		
	Binary Decision Diagrams: Definition Reduced and ordered R	DD	
	Binary Decision Diagrams: Definition, Reduced and ordered B Operators. (Reading: Ben-Ari, Chapter 5.1 – 5.5)	DD,	
ш	Operators. (Reading: Ben-Ari, Chapter 5.1 – 5.5)	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	07 15%
ш		tion,	07 15%

IV	The Hilbert deduction system for predicate logic. Functions, PCNF and clausal form, Herbrand model. Resolution in predicate logic: ground resolution, substitution, unification, general resolution. Reading: Ben-Ari, Chapter 8.1-8.4, 9.1, 9.3, 10.1-10.4, Additional Reading : Singh, Chapter 2, Chapter 3)	08	15%
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAM		
V	Temporal logic: Syntax and semantics, models of time, linear time temporal logic, semantic tableaux. Deduction system of temporal logic. (Reading: Ben-Ari, Chapter 13.1-13.5, 14.1-14.2)	07	20%
VI	 Program Verification: Need for verification, Framework for verification, Verification of sequential programs, deductive system, verification, synthesis. (Reading: Ben-Ari, Chapter 15.1-15.4, Additional Reading : Singh, Chapter 5) Modal Logic: Need for modal logic, Case Study: Syntax and Semantics of K, Axiomatic System KC, (Reading: Singh, Chapter 6.1-6.3) 	08	20%
	END SEM <mark>E</mark> STER EXAM		

Assignments: Some of the assignments can be given on an interactive theorem prover like Isabelle or Coq.

Question Paper Pattern

- 1. There will be *five* parts in the question paper A, B, C, D, E
- 2. Part A
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u> questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; <u>Allfour</u> questions have to be answered.
- 3. Part B
 - a. Total marks : 18
 - b. <u>*Three*</u> questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; <u>*Two*</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts.
- 4. Part C
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u> questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- 5. Part D
 - a. Total marks: 18
 - b. <u>*Three*</u> questionseach having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; <u>*Two*</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts
- 6. Part E
 - a. Total Marks: 40
 - b. <u>Six</u> questions each carrying 10 marks, uniformly covering modules V and VI; *four* questions have to be answered.
 - c. A question can have a maximum of three sub-parts.

There should be at least 60% analytical/numerical questions.

Course code	Course Name	-T-P - redits		ear of duction
CS369	Digital System Testing & Testable Design3-	-0-0-3	2	2016
Pre-requ	isites : CS234 Digital Systems Lab			
	Dbjectives			
• Te	expose the students to the basics of digital testing techniques appl	ied to V	LSI ci	rcuits.
• To	o introduce the concepts of algorithm development for automatic	test patt	tern ge	eneration
	r digital circuits.	M		
	o discuss fundamentals of design for testability.	1.1		
Syllabus	-1 - (N (-) - (-) (-) (-) (-)			
	minology used in testing - functional and structural models of			
	n for design verification and testing-fault modeling - fault simulation	on - test	ting to	r faults -
	r testability.			
	Outcome onts will be able to			
	ppreciate the basics of VLSI testing and functions modeling of cir	cuits		
ii. A	pply fault modeling using single stuck & multiple stuck modeling recuits.		comb	inational
-	valuate different methods for logic and fault simulations.			
	enerate test patterns using automatic test pattern generation metho	ods like	D. PO	DEM &
	AN algorithms for combinational circuits.		_,	
	xplain automatic test pattern generation using time frame expansion	n and sii	mulati	on based
m	ethod for sequential circuits.			
vi. D	esign digital circuits using scan path and self tests.			
Text Boo				
	lexander Miczo, Digital Logic Testing and Simulation, Wiley, 2e, 2		:. T.	time for
	ichael L. Bushnell and Vishwani D. Agrawal, Essentials of I igital, Memory and Mixed-Signal VLSI Circuits, Springer, 2002.	stectron	ic res	sing for
	iron Abramovici, Melvin A. Breuer, Arthur D. Friedman, Digita	l System	ns Tes	ting and
	estable Design, Jaico Publishers, 2006.	i bysten	115 105	ting and
Referen				
	ainalabedin Navabi, Digital System test and testable design, Spring	er, 2011		
		,		
	Course Plan			
	2014			End
	2014		r	Sem.
Module	Contents	H	ours	Exam
				Marks
	Fundamentals of Testing: Testing & Diagnosis, testing at diffe	rent		
	levels of abstraction, errors & faults, modeling & evaluation, type			
Ι	testing, test generation		06	15%
	Modeling: Functional modeling at logic level, functional modeling	ig at		
	register level & structural models.			
TT	Fault Modeling : Logic fault models, Fault detection	and	0.0	1 20 /
II	redundancy, Fault equivalence & fault location, fault domina	nce,	06	15%
	single stuck faults, multiple stuck fault models .			
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAM			

III	Logic & fault Simulation: Simulationfor verification& test evaluation, types of simulation – compiled code & Event driven, serial fault simulation, statistical method for fault simulation.	07	15%
IV	Combinational circuit test generation : ATG for SSFs in combinational circuits – fault oriented ATG- fault independent ATG-random test generation, Sensitized path, D-algorithm, PODEM and FAN.	07	15%
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAM		
V	Sequential circuit test generation: ATPG for single clock synchronous circuits, time frame expansion method, simulation based sequential circuit ATPG – genetic algorithm.	07	20%
VI	Design for Testability: introduction to testability, design for testability techniques, controllability and observability by means of scan registers, generic scan based designs – scan path, boundary scan, Introduction to BIST.	09	20%
	END SEMESTER EXAM		1

- 1. There will be *five* parts in the question paper A, B, C, D, E
- 2. Part A
 - a. Total marks : 12
 - b. <u>Four</u>questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II;All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- 3. Part B
 - a. Total marks : 18
 - b. <u>*Three*</u> questions each having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; <u>*Two*</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three sub-parts

4. Part C

- a. Total marks : 12
- b. <u>Four</u> questions each having <u>3</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; All<u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- 5. Part D
 - a. Total marks : 18
 - b. <u>*Three*</u> questionseach having <u>9</u> marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; <u>*Two*</u> questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts
- 6. Part E a. Total Marks: 40
- 2014
- b. <u>Six</u> questions each carrying 10 marks, uniformly covering modules V and VI; <u>four</u> questions have to be answered.
- c. A question can have a maximum of three sub-parts.
- 7. There should be at least 60% analytical/numerical/design questions.

Course code	Course Name	L-T-P - Credits	Year of
			Introduction
**341	DESIGN PROJECT	0-1-2-2	2016
	Prerequisite : Nil	·	

Course Objectives

- To understand the engineering aspects of design with reference to simple products
- To foster innovation in design of products, processes or systems
- To develop design that add value to products and solve technical problems

Course Plan

Study :Take minimum three simple products, processes or techniques in the area of specialisation, study, analyse and present them. The analysis shall be focused on functionality, strength, material, manufacture/construction, quality, reliability, aesthetics, ergonomics, safety, maintenance, handling, sustainability, cost etc. whichever are applicable. Each student in the group has to present individually; choosing different products, processes or techniques.

Design: The project team shall identify an innovative product, process or technology and proceed with detailed design. At the end, the team has to document it properly and present and defend it. The design is expected to concentrate on functionality, design for strength is not expected.

Note : The one hour/week allotted for tutorial shall be used for discussions and presentations. The project team (not exceeding four) can be students from different branches, if the design problem is multidisciplinary.

Expected outcome.

The students will be able to

- i. Think innovatively on the development of components, products, processes or technologies in the engineering field
- ii. Analyse the problem requirements and arrive workable design solutions

Ertd

Reference:

Michael Luchs, Scott Swan, Abbie Griffin, 2015. Design Thinking. 405 pages, John Wiley & Sons, Inc

Evaluation

First evaluation (Immediately after first internal examination)20 marksSecond evaluation (Immediately after second internal examination)20 marksFinal evaluation (Last week of the semester)60 marks

Note: All the three evaluations are mandatory for course completion and for awarding the final grade.

Course code	Course Name	L-T-P - Credits	Year of
			Introduction
**352	Comprehensive Examination	0-1-1-2	2016
	Prerequisite : Ni	il	

Course Objectives

- To assess the comprehensive knowledge gained in basic courses relevant to the branch of study
- To comprehend the questions asked and answer them with confidence.

Assessment

Oral examination – To be conducted by the college (*@* three students/hour) covering all the courses up to and including V semester– 50 marks

Written examination - To be conducted by the Dept. on the date announced by the University– common to all students of the same branch – objective type (1 hour duration)– 50 multiple choice questions (4 choices) of 1 mark each covering the six common courses of S1&S2 and six branch specific courses listed – questions are set by the University - no negative marks – 50 marks.

Note: Both oral and written examinations are mandatory. But separate minimum marks is not insisted for pass. If a students does not complete any of the two assessments, grade I shall be awarded and the final grade shall be given only after the completion of both the assessments. The two hours allotted for the course may be used by the students for discussion, practice and for

oral assessment. Expected outcome.

• The students will be confident in discussing the fundamental aspects of any engineering problem/situation and give answers in dealing with them

Course code	Course Name	L-T-P - Credits	Year of Introduction
**451	Seminar and Project Preliminary	0-1-4-2	2016
	Prerequisite : N	il	1
Course Object	*		
0	lop skills in doing literature survey, techn	ical presentation and rep	port preparation.
	le project identification and execution of		
project	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Course Plan	ADI ARIDI I		
Seminar: Each	student shall identify a topic of current re	elevance in his/her brand	ch of engineering,
	faculty concerned, collect sufficient lit		
prepare own rep	port and present in the class.	UILAL	
Project prelim	inary:	ITV	
	e project relevant to the branch of study.		
	students can do the project individually al		
	posal before the assessment board (ex	cluding the external e	xpert) and get it
approved by the			
	y work to be completed: (1) Literature		
	hypothesis/design/methodology (4) Form	nulation of work plan (5) Seeking funds
() I	of preliminary report		•
	e project should be continued in the eight	h semester by the same	project team.
Expected out			
The students wi		d procent it before on au	dianaa
	a current topic of professional interest an an engineering problem, analyse it and p	-	
II. Identify	an engineering problem, analyse it and p	ropose a work plan to so	Jive II.
Evaluation			
Seminar	: 50 marks		
	of marks for the seminar is as follows: i. P	resentation : 40% ii. A	bility to answer
	% & iii. Report : 30%)		
Project prelim	1 ,	valuation by the supervi	sor : 40% and
progress evalu	ation by the assessment board excluding of		
evaluations, m	id semester and end semester, are mandat	ory.)	
Note: All eval	uations are mandatory for course complet	ion and for awarding the	e final grade.
	2014		

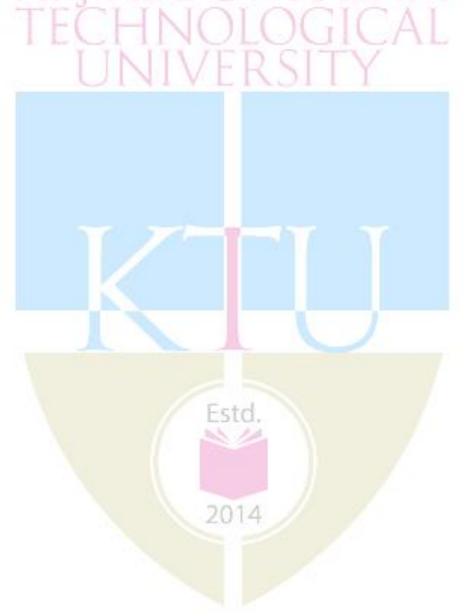
**492 PROJECT 6 2016 Prerequisite : Nil Course Objectives • To apply engineering knowledge in practical problem solving • To foster innovation in design of products, processes or systems • To develop creative thinking in finding viable solutions to engineering problems Course Plan In depth study of the topic assigned in the light of the preliminary report prepared in the seve semester Review and finalization of the approach to the problem relating to the assigned topic Preparing a detailed action plan for conducting the investigation, including team work Detailed Analysis/Modelling/Simulation/Design/Problem Solving/Experiment as needed Final development of product/process, testing, results, conclusions and future directions Preparing a paper for Conference presentation/Publication in Journals, if possible Preparing a report in the standard format for being evaluated by the dept. assessment board Final project presentation and viva voce by the assessment board including external expert Expected outcome The students will be able to iii. Think innovatively on the development of components, products, processes or technologies in the engineering field iv. Apply knowledge gained in solving real life engineering problems 20% by the faculty supervisor(s)	Course code	Course N	ame	Credits	Year of Introduction
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 (ii) Final project report (iii) Project presentation and viva voce <i>Note:</i> All the three evaluations are mandatory for course completion and for awarding the final 	(i) Two progre	ess assessments	20% by the fac	ulty supervisor(s)	
<i>Note:</i> All the three evaluations are mandatory for course completion and for awarding the fina			30% by the ass	essment board	
	(iii) Project pr	esentation and viva voce	50% by the ass	sessment board	
grade. Estd.		three evaluations are mandat	ory for course con	npletion and for aw	arding the final
None and No. No. 1	grade.		Estd		
			Estd.		
			1		
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2014					
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Course code	Course Name	L-T-P Credits	Year of Introduction
CS331	SYSTEM SOFTWARE LAB	0-0-3-1	2016
	Prerequisite: Nil		
Course Ob	jectives		
	build an understanding on design and implementation	of different t	ypes of system
	ware.	AAA	
	rcises/Experiments: (Exercises/experiments marked v	vith * are m	andatory from
each part.	Fotal 12 Exercises/experiments are mandatory)	TAT	
1 0:	$\frac{Part A}{P}$		с. 1 4
	ulate the following non-preemptive CPU scheduling al	gorithms to	lind turnaround
a) F	d waiting time. CFS b) SJF c) Round Robin (pre-emptive)	d) Prio	rity
	ulate the following file allocation strategies.	u) 1110	IIty
	equential b) Indexed c) Linked		
	lement the different paging techniques of memory manag	ement.	
	ulate the following file organization techniques *		
) Hierarchica	l
5. Imp	ement the banker's algorithm for deadlock avoidance.*		
	ulate the following disk scheduling algorithms. *		
a) F			
	ulate the following page replacement algorithms		
a) Fl		*	
	lement the producer-consumer problem using semaphores te a program to simulate the working of the dining philoso		em *
<i>J.</i> WIII	Part B	opner s proor	
10 Imr	plement the symbol table functions: create, insert, modify	search and	display
11. Imp	plement pass one of a two pass assembler. *	, ,	
	plement pass two of a two pass assembler. *		
13. Imp	plement a single pass assembler. *		
1	plement a two pass macro processor *		
	plement a single pass macro processor.		
	plement an absolute loader.		
	blement a relocating loader.		
	blement pass one of a direct-linking loader.		
	blement pass two of a direct-linking loader. blement a simple text editor with features like insertion / of	leletion of a	pharacter word
-	sentence.		
	blement a symbol table with suitable hashing.*		

Expected Outcome

The students will be able to

- i. Compare and analyze CPU Scheduling Algorithms like FCFS, Round Robin, SJF, and Priority.
- ii. Implement basic memory management schemes like paging.
- iii. Implement synchronization techniques using semaphores etc.
- iv. Implement banker's algorithm for deadlock avoidance.
- v. Implement memory management schemes and page replacement schemes and file allocation and organization techniques.
- vi. Implement system software such as loaders, assemblers and macro processor.



Course	Course Name	L-T-P -	Year of
code		Credits	Introduction
CS333	APPLICATION SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT LAB	0-0-3-1	2016
	isite : CS208 Principles of Database Design		
	Dbjectives		
	o introduce basic commands and operations on database.		
	o introduce stored programming concepts (PL-SQL) using Cur	sors and T	riggers .
	o familiarize front end tools of database.	A 14 A	
	xercises/Experiments: (Exercises/experiments marked with	n * are mai	ndatory. Total
	cises/experiments are mandatory)	11 4.1	
	reation of a database using DDL commands and writes	DQL quer	ies to retrieve
	iformation from the database.		
	erforming DML commands like Insertion, Deletion, Modifying	g, Altering,	and Updating
	cords based on conditions.		
	reating relationship between the databases. *		
	reating a database to set various constraints. *	. ,	
	ractice of SQL TCL commands like Rollback, Commit, Savepo		
	ractice of SQL DCL commands for granting and revoking user reation of Views and Assertions *	privileges	
	nplementation of Build in functions in RDBMS *		
	nplementation of various aggregate functions in SQL * nplementation of Order By, Group By& Having clause. *		
		*	
	nplementation of set operators, nested queries and Join queries nplementation of various control structures using PL/SQL *		
	reation of Procedures and Functions *		
	reation of Packages *		
	reation of database Triggers and Cursors *		
	ractice various front-end tools and report generation.		
	reating Forms and Menus		
	fini project (Application Development using Oracle/ MySQL u	using Datab	ase
	onnectivity)*	~	
a			
b	and the second sec		
C.			
d	Railway Reservation System.		
e			
f.	Web Based User Identification System.		
g			
h	Hotel Management System.		
Expected	l Outcome		
The stude	ents will be able to		
i.]	Design and implement a database for a given proble////m using	database d	esign
-	principles.		
	Apply stored programming concepts (PL-SQL) using Cursors a		
iii 1	Ise graphical user interface. Event Handling and Database con	nectivity to	develop and

- Use graphical user interface, Event Handling and Database connectivity to develop and deploy applications and applets. Develop medium-sized project in a team. iii.
- iv.